

Answer any **five** questions including **Q. Nos. 1 & 2**

*Figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks*

1. Answer *all* questions :

2 × 10

(a) Evaluate

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^2 - 2x + 1}{x^2 - x}$$

(b) For what value of  $K$

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{x^2 - a^2}{x - a}, & \text{if } x \neq a \\ K, & \text{if } x = a \end{cases}$$

is continuous at  $x = a$ .

(c) Evaluate

$$\int_0^1 \frac{1}{1+x^2} dx$$

(d) Find the equation of the sphere with centre  $(2, -1, 4)$  and radius 4.

(e) Differentiate  $\log(\sin x)$  w.r.t.  $\tan x$ .

(f) Find order and degree of the differential equation

$$\frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} = \left\{ 2 + \left( \frac{dy}{dx} \right)^3 \right\}^{1/2}$$

(g) If  $z = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{x}{y}\right)$ , find  $\frac{\partial z}{\partial x}$  and  $\frac{\partial z}{\partial y}$ .

(h) Find  $y_1$  and  $y_2$  if  $y = \log(\cos x)$ .

(i) Find the direction cosines of the line joining the points  $(1, 2, 3)$  and  $(3, 0, 2)$ .

(j) Evaluate

$$\int \frac{e^{2x} + 1}{e^x} dx.$$

2. Answer any *six* questions :

5 × 6

(a) Evaluate

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left( \frac{x \tan x}{1 - \cos x} \right).$$

(b) Examine the continuity of the function defined by

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{|x|}{x} & \text{if } x \neq 0 \\ 0 & \text{if } x = 0 \end{cases} \quad \text{at } x = 0$$

(c) If  $y = \sin^{-1}x$ , show that

$$(1-x^2) \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - x \frac{dy}{dx} = 0.$$

(d) If  $y = \tan^{-1} \sqrt{\frac{1-\cos x}{1+\cos x}}$ , then find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$ .

(e) Determine the maximum and minimum value of  $f(x) = x^3 - 6x^2 + 9x + 7$ .

(f) Evaluate

$$\int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{\sqrt{\tan x}}{\sqrt{\tan x} + \sqrt{\cot x}} dx.$$

(g) Find the area bounded by the curve

$$y^2 = x, \quad x = 0, \quad y = 1.$$

(h) Find the equation of the plane which passes through the point  $(4, -2, 1)$  and is perpendicular to the line whose direction ratios are  $5, 2, -1$ .

3. Differentiate :

$$\sin^2 \left\{ \cot^{-1} \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{1-x}} \right\} \quad 10$$

4. Evaluate

$$\int \frac{4x^2 - x + 3}{(x^2 + 1)(x - 1)} dx \quad 10$$

5. Find the equation of the sphere which passes through the points  $(0, 0, 0)$ ,  $(-a, b, c)$ ,  $(a, -b, c)$ ,  $(a, b, -c)$ . 10

6. Solve :

$$4 \frac{dy}{dx} + 8y = 5e^{-3x} \quad 10$$

7. If  $V = (x^2 + y^2 + z^2)^{1/2}$ , show that

$$\frac{\partial^2 V}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 V}{\partial y^2} + \frac{\partial^2 V}{\partial z^2} = 0. \quad 10$$